

The Caernarvon Township Authority  
2020 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report  
Public Water Supply ID No. 3060052  
March 2021

*Este informe contiene información importante acerca de su agua potable. Haga que alguien lo traduzca para usted, o hable con alguien que lo entienda.*  
(This report contains important information about your drinking water. Have someone translate it to you, or speak with someone who understands it.)

#### **Water System Information:**

We are pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality drinking water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. We are pleased to report that our drinking water meets all Federal and State requirements.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Robert L. Weaver, Authority Chairman or Carol Bowman, Assistant Treasurer at (610) 286-1017. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the first Wednesday of each month at 7:00 P.M. in the Authority's office building located at 601 Hemlock Road, in the Morgantown Business Park, Morgantown, PA.

#### **Sources of Water:**

Our water is drawn from three (3) wells located at three (3) sites throughout the community. The wells are located at the following sites: Mill Road (Mill Road No. 6), Morgantown Business Park (Well No. 8) and Hemlock Road (Well No. 7). All the wells are considered ground water sources.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

In our continuing efforts to maintain a dependable water supply it may be necessary to make improvements in your water system. The costs of these improvements may be reflected in the rate structure. Periodic rate adjustments may be necessary in order to address these improvements.

#### **Monitoring Your Water:**

The Caernarvon Township Authority routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The following table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1<sup>st</sup> to December 31<sup>st</sup>, 2020. The State allows us to monitor for some contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. If data is from prior years, in accordance with the Safe Drinking Water Act, the date has been noted on the sampling results table.

#### **DEFINITIONS:**

**ppm** = parts per million, or milligrams per liter (mg/L)

**ppb** = parts per billion, or micrograms per liter (µg/L)

**ppt** = parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter

**ppq** = parts per quadrillion, or pictograms per liter

**Action Level (AL)**– the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

**Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)** - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

**Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG)** - the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL)** – the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

**Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG)** – the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

**Minimum Residual Disinfectant Level (MinRDL)**-the minimum level of residual disinfectant required at the entry point to the distribution system.

**Level 1 Assessment** - A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

**Level 2 Assessment** - A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

**Treatment Technique**– A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

**pCi/L** - Picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

**mrem/year** = millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

#### **Detected Contaminants Health Effects Language and Corrective Actions:**

The Authority had (0) Violations for detected contaminants in 2020.

#### **Other Violations:**

The Authority had 30 Violations for monitoring-reporting in 2020. Although there were 30 violations, the violations are the result of two (2) events that were reporting issues only and not sampling or contaminant level violations. One violation was for GWR fail to monitor/report and was the result of accidentally uploading the results from the wrong month when reporting the required information. Once the issue was discovered, the correct data was uploaded accordingly and corrected this issue. The other 29 violations result from one error in reporting the results of the required SOC testing for one date. The samples required for testing were completed as required, but the testing agency accidentally listed the sample results under the wrong water entry point location resulting in the violations. The required samples were for SOCs were taken as required for the correct location, but were just reported incorrectly. The violations were only for reporting issues and did not result in any known health risks. The sample/monitoring information was corrected to address the issue that created the violation. These violations require a Tier 3 Public Notice for Failure to Monitor. The required notification is included in this CCR.

#### **Educational Information:**

Sources of drinking water (both tap and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs and wells. As water travels over the land surface or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

1. Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.
2. Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from storm water run-off, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
3. Pesticides and Herbicides which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, storm water run-off or residential uses.
4. Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemical, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production and can also come from gas stations, storm water run-off or septic systems.
5. Radioactive contaminants which can be naturally occurring or can be the result of oil and gas production or mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA & DEP prescribe regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA & DEP regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.





For more information, please contact Robert L. Weaver, Authority Chairman or Carol Bowman, Assistant Treasurer at 610-286-1017.

*Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.*

This notice is being sent to you by the Caernarvon Township Authority.  
PWS ID#3060052  
Date distributed is April 2021.